

External Debt

A1 External Debt and Debt-Service Ratio (by Year)

In millions of U.S. dollars

in millions of U.S. dollars								
End of year	Total external debt							Debt-Service ratio (%)
		Long-term			Short-term			
		Total	External public debt	External private debt	Total	External public debt	External private debt	
2017	181,938	12,691	317	12,374	169,247	1	169,246	1.95
2018	191,161	12,593	168	12,425	178,568	1	178,567	2.33
2019	184,659	9,990	629	9,361	174,669	1	174,668	2.01
2020	189,873	14,530	1,446	13,084	175,343	1	175,342	1.60
2021	213,592	16,173	1,571	14,602	197,419	1	197,418	1.19
2022	202,146	15,310	1,034	14,276	186,836	1	186,835	1.59
2023	206,499	15,344	849	14,495	191,155	1	191,154	3.96
2024	219,947	19,167	819	18,348	200,780	1	200,779	3.51

Notes: 1. Long-term external debt is defined as debt payable to non-resident creditors with an original maturity of over one year; while short-term debt has a maturity of up to and including one year.

2. External public debt is defined as debt payable to non-resident creditors which is a direct obligation of, or has repayment guaranteed by, the public sector of the Republic of China (Taiwan). Beginning December 2004, the figures include the outstanding external debt balance of repurchase agreements (repos) involving securities engaged by the Central Bank. External private debt is defined as an external obligation of the private sector that is not guaranteed for repayment by the public sector.

3. The debt-service ratio represents payments of amortization and interest on external debt as a percentage of the exports of goods and services, and is based on debt service actually paid and not on contractual service due.

Beginning 2004, debt-service payments comply to the World Bank's and IMF's current approach and comprise actual payments of interest on total external debt and actual amortization payments on long-term external debt. For periods prior to then, debt-service payments refer to actual payments of principal and interest on external public debt.