# Glossary

# **Data Sources**

In order to publish this report on time, all data are collected based on unaudited figures submitted by each domestic bank's headquarter, including the domestic banking units, offshore banking units and overseas branches. However, the information disclosed on the banks' website was audited by the banks or Certified Public Accountant (CPA).

### **Computation Methodology**

The dollar amounts displayed for all income and expense items in the report are shown for the year-to-date period. The income and expense and related data used in ratios are annualized for interim reporting period. However, the year-end report represents a full fiscal year, the data do not have to be annualized. Thus the income and expense items are multiplied by the factors listed below before dividing it by the corresponding assets or liabilities.

March	4.0
June	2.0
September	1.3

The peer-group average, if not noted, is a winsorized mean based on an average of banks within the  $25^{\text{th}}$  and  $75^{\text{th}}$  percentile values for a given ratio. The values below first quartile (Q1) are substituted by Q1. The values above third quartile (Q3) are substituted by Q3.

# Definitions

I. Capital ratios included common equity ratio, Tier 1 capital ratio and capital adequacy ratio.

Common equity ratio =	Common equity Tier 1 capital
	Risk-weighted assets
Tier 1capital ratio = -	Tier 1 capital
	Risk-weighted assets
Capital adequacy ratio =	Pogulatory capital
	Regulatory capital
	Risk-weighted assets
	Tion 1 conital
Leverage ratio = -	Tier 1 capital
	Exposure measurement

Regulatory capital and risk-weighted assets are defined as *"Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks"* amended by the Financial Supervisory Commission. II. The non-performing loan ratio =

According to "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans", the definition of "non-performing loans" is :

- 1. Loans which repayment of principal or interest have been overdue for more than 3 months ;
- 2. Any loan of which the principal debtors and surety have been sued for non-payment or the underlying collateral has been disposed, although the repayment of principle or interest have not been overdue for more than 3 months.

## III. The liquidity coverage ratio =

$$\frac{\text{Total amount of high - quality liquid assets}}{\text{Total net cash outflows over the next 30 calendar days}} \times 100\%$$

High-quality liquid assets and net cash outflows are defined as "Standards Implementing the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of Banks".

IV. The net stable funding ratio =

Available amount of stable funding (ASF)  $\times 100\%$ Required amount of stable funding (RSF)

ASF and RSF are defined as "Standards Implementing the Net Stable Funding Ratio of Banks".

V. The liquidity reserve ratio =

Liquidity reserve assets

#### NTD-denominated liabilities

Liquidity reserve assets and NTD-denominated liabilities are defined as "Directions for Auditing Liquidity of Financial Institutions".